

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

Please replace the paragraph on page 14, lines 3-21 of the present application with the following:

Generally speaking, essentially any monomer which will impart hydrophobicity to the segment or block can be used. Quantitatively, the hydrophobic/hydrophilic nature of the monomers may be determined according to the log P of the particular monomers, which is sometimes referred to as the octanol-water partition coefficient. Log P values are well known and are determined according to a standard test that determines the concentration of monomer in a water/1-octanol separated mixture. In particular, computer programs are commercially available, as well as on various internet sites, that will estimate the log P values for particular monomers. For example, some of the log P values in this application were estimated using a program available from an internet website (<http://esc.syrres.com/interkow/kowdemo.htm>) (esc.syrres.com), which provides an estimated log P value for molecules by simply inserting the CAS registry number or a chemical notation. Hydrophobic monomers typically will have a log P value above zero and hydrophilic monomers typically will have a log P value close to or below zero. Accordingly, typically monomers employed in preparing the hydrophobic segments which make up the hydrophobic layer will have a log P value of greater than about 0.5, and preferably will have a log value of greater than about 1 (e.g., greater than about 1.5, 2, 2.5 or even 3).